

SAN FRANCISCO DISTRICT

San Francisco District PUBLIC NOTICE

PROJECT: Napa Airport Corporate Center Phase III

PUBLIC NOTICE NUMBER: 2013-00339N PUBLIC NOTICE DATE: July 28, 2015 COMMENTS DUE DATE: August 27, 2015

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1. **INTRODUCTION**: Napa Airport Corporate Center I, LLC (POC: Timothy Schaedler, 916-381-1561), 8775 Folsom Boulevard, Suite 200, Sacramento, California 95826, through its agent, Cardno (POC: Elizabeth Sheppard, 916-386-3862), 701 University Avenue, Suite 200, Sacramento, California 95825, has applied to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), San Francisco District, for a Department of the Army Permit to discharge fill material into waters of the United States for the purpose of constructing an industrial park comprised of commercial office/warehouse buildings and adjacent infrastructure. This Department of the Army permit application is being processed pursuant to the provisions of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act of 1972, as amended (33 U.S.C. § 1344 *et seq.*).

2. PROPOSED PROJECT:

Project Site Location: The proposed project is located west of Highway 29, south of South Kelly Road, and east of Devlin Road in the City of American Canyon, California (APNs 057-090-075 and 057-090-076); Latitude: 38° 12' 15" North, Longitude -122° 15' 35" West (Figure 1).

Project Site Description: The 19.57 acre Napa Airport Corporate Center Phase III (NACC III) proposed project site is located at the west base of the low hills north of the Carquinez Straights, between the hills and the Napa River floodplain in Napa County, California. The project area is bounded by industrial development along State Highway 29 on the east, an undeveloped parcel south of South Kelly Road on the north, Devlin Road on the northwest, a railroad alignment on the southwest and industrial development on the south (Figure 2). The proposed project site slopes to the south and southwest. Surface water on the property drains off site to the west to

the Napa River. The project site is currently used as pasture for cattle and is dominated by non-native upland grasses and forbs. Small rocky outcroppings are present along with a network of seasonal wetlands. A total of 3.49 acres of wetlands (waters of the United States) occur on the project site.

Project Description: As shown in the attached drawing (Figure 3), the applicant proposes to discharge fill material into approximately 2.41 acres of waters of the United States to allow development of a 19.57 acre commercial warehouse facility known as the NACC III. The proposed warehouse facility would be comprised of two buildings with a total of 270,000 square feet of floor space. Supporting infrastructure includes 278,000 square feet of parking, circulation paths, and loading docks and approximately roughly 29,000 square feet of stormwater treatment areas throughout the project site.

Basic Project Purpose: The basic project purpose comprises the fundamental, essential, or irreducible purpose of the project, and is used by USACE to determine whether the project is water dependent. The basic project purpose is construction of a commercial development.

Overall Project Purpose: The overall project purpose serves as the basis for the Section 404(b)(1) alternatives analysis, and is determined by further defining the basic project purpose in a manner that more specifically describes the applicant's goals for the project, while allowing a reasonable range of alternatives to be analyzed. The overall project purpose is to develop and construct approximately 270,000 square feet of new commercial warehouse space located near major transportation infrastructure (State Highway 29) serving

the region of Napa County and the City of American Canyon.

Project Impacts: The project would permanently fill 2.41 acres of wetlands, i.e., waters of the U.S.

Proposed Mitigation: The applicant proposes to avoid and preserve 1.08 acres of wetlands located at the northeastern extent of the proposed project site. applicant proposes to minimize impacts to the greatest extent practicable with a low impact development plan that will include construction related Best Management Practices (BMPs). To offset impacts to waters of the United States, the applicant proposes compensatory wetland mitigation on property owned by Napa Industrial LLC, located immediately west of the proposed project site, (Figure 2) and any waters not mitigated within the property will be mitigated at an agency-approved off-site location. A final compensatory mitigation and monitoring plan consistent with USACE's mitigation regulations (33 C.F.R. Part 332) will need to be submitted and approved prior to issuing a permit decision. A conceptual mitigation plan has been submitted but not yet approved by USACE.

Project Alternatives: USACE will be evaluating an alternatives analysis in accordance with the requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. §§ 4321-4347) and to ensure compliance with the Section 404(b)(1) Guidelines (40 C.F.R. Part 230).

3. STATE AND LOCAL APPROVALS:

Water Quality Certification: State water quality certification or a waiver is a prerequisite for the issuance of a Department of the Army Permit to conduct any activity which may result in a fill or pollutant discharge into waters of the United States, pursuant to Section 401 of the Clean Water Act of 1972, as amended (33 U.S.C. § 1341 et seq.). The applicant has recently submitted an application to the California Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) to obtain water quality certification for the project. No Department of the Army Permit will be issued until the applicant obtains the required certification or a waiver of certification. waiver can be explicit, or it may be presumed, if the RWQCB fails or refuses to act on a complete application for water quality certification within 60 days of receipt, unless the District Engineer determines a shorter or longer period is a reasonable time for the RWOCB to act.

Water quality issues should be directed to the Executive Officer, California Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Francisco Bay Region, 1515 Clay Street, Suite 1400, Oakland, California 94612 by the close of the comment period.

Coastal Zone Management: Section 307(c) of the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972, as amended (16 U.S.C. § 1456(c) et seq.), requires a non-Federal applicant seeking a federal license or permit to conduct any activity occurring in or affecting the coastal zone to obtain a Consistency Certification that indicates the activity conforms with the State's coastal zone management program. Generally, no federal license or permit will be granted until the appropriate State agency has issued a Consistency Certification or has waived its right to do so.

Coastal zone management issues should be directed to the Executive Director, San Francisco Bay Conservation and Development Commission, 50 California Street, Suite 2600, San Francisco, California 94111, by the close of the comment period.

4. COMPLIANCE WITH VARIOUS FEDERAL LAWS:

National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA): Upon review of the Department of the Army permit application and other supporting documentation, USACE has made a preliminary determination that the project neither qualifies for a Categorical Exclusion nor requires the preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement for the purposes of NEPA. At the conclusion of the public comment period, USACE will assess the environmental impacts of the project in accordance with the requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. §§ 4321-4347), the Council on Environmental Quality's Regulations at 40 C.F.R. Parts 1500-1508, and USACE Regulations at 33 C.F.R. Part 325. The final NEPA analysis will normally address the direct, indirect, and cumulative impacts that result from regulated activities within the jurisdiction of USACE and other non-regulated activities USACE determines to be within its purview of Federal control and responsibility to justify an expanded scope of analysis for NEPA purposes. The final NEPA will be incorporated in the decision analysis documentation that provides the rationale for issuing or denving a Department of the Army Permit for the project. The final NEPA analysis and supporting documentation

will be on file with the San Francisco District, Regulatory Division.

Endangered Species Act (ESA): Section 7(a)(2) of the ESA of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. § 1531 et seq.), requires Federal agencies to consult with either the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) or the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) to ensure actions authorized, funded, or undertaken by the agency are not likely to jeopardize the continued existence of any Federally-listed species or result in the adverse modification of designated critical habitat. As the Federal lead agency for this project, USACE has conducted a review of the California Natural Diversity Data Base, digital maps prepared by USFWS and NMFS depicting critical habitat, and other information provided by the applicant, to determine the presence or absence of such species and critical habitat in the project area. Based on this review. USACE has made a preliminary determination that no Federally-listed species and/or critical habitat are present at the project location or in its vicinity, and neither would be affected by project implementation.

Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (MSFCMA): Section 305(b)(2) of the MSFCMA of 1966, as amended (16 U.S.C. § 1801 et seq.), requires Federal agencies to consult with the NMFS on all proposed actions authorized, funded, or undertaken by the agency that may adversely affect essential fish habitat (EFH). EFH is defined as those waters and substrate necessary to fish for spawning, breeding, feeding, or growth to maturity. EFH is designated only for those species managed under a Federal Fisheries Management Plan (FMP), such as the Pacific Groundfish FMP, the Coastal Pelagics FMP, and the Pacific Coast Salmon FMP which includes the northern anchovy, Pacific sardine, salmonids, and flatfishes. As the Federal lead agency for this project, USACE has conducted a review of digital maps prepared by NMFS depicting EFH to determine the presence or absence of EFH in the project Based on this review, USACE has made a preliminary determination that EFH is not present at the project location or in its vicinity, and that the critical elements of EFH will not be adversely affected by project implementation.

Marine Protection, Research, and Sanctuaries Act (MPRSA): Section 302 of the MPRS of 1972, as amended (16 U.S.C. § 1432 *et seq.*), authorizes the

Secretary of Commerce, in part, to designate areas of ocean waters, such as the Cordell Bank, Gulf of the Farallones, and Monterey Bay, as National Marine Sanctuaries for the purpose of preserving or restoring such areas for their conservation, recreational, ecological, or aesthetic values. After such designation, activities in sanctuary waters authorized under other authorities are valid only if the Secretary of Commerce certifies that the activities are consistent with Title III of the Act. No Department of the Army Permit will be issued until the applicant obtains the required certification or permit. The project does not occur in sanctuary waters, and a preliminary review by USACE indicates the project would not likely affect sanctuary resources.

National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA): Section 106 of the NHPA of 1966, as amended (16 U.S.C. § 470 et seq.), requires Federal agencies to consult with the appropriate State Historic Preservation Officer to take into account the effects of their undertakings on historic properties listed in or eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places. Section 106 of the Act further requires Federal agencies to consult with the appropriate Tribal Historic Preservation Officer or any Indian tribe to take into account the effects of their undertakings on historic properties, including traditional properties, trust resources, and sacred sites, to which Indian tribes attach historic, religious, and cultural significance. As the Federal lead agency for this undertaking, USACE shall conduct a review of latest published version of the National Register of Historic Places, survey information on file with various city and county municipalities, and other information provided by the applicant, to determine the presence or absence of historic and archaeological resources within the permit area. USACE has made a preliminary determination that historic or archaeological resources are not likely to be present in the permit area, and that the project either has no potential to cause effects to these resources or has no effect to these resources. USACE will render a final determination on the need for consultation at the close of the comment period, taking into account any comments provided by the State Historic Preservation Officer, the Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, and Native American Nations or other tribal governments. If unrecorded archaeological resources are discovered during project implementation, those operations affecting such resources will be temporarily suspended until USACE concludes Section 106 consultation with the State Historic Preservation

Officer or the Tribal Historic Preservation Officer to take into account any project related impacts to those resources.

- 5. **COMPLIANCE WITH THE SECTION 404(b)(1) GUIDELINES**: Projects resulting in discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States must comply with the Guidelines promulgated by the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency under Section 404(b) of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. § 1344(b)). The applicant has been informed to submit an analysis of project alternatives to be reviewed for compliance with the Guidelines.
- 6. PUBLIC INTEREST EVALUTION: The decision on whether to issue a Department of the Army Permit will be based on an evaluation of the probable impacts, including cumulative impacts, of the project and its intended use on the public interest. Evaluation of the probable impacts requires a careful weighing of the public interest factors relevant in each particular case. benefits that may accrue from the project must be balanced against any reasonably foreseeable detriments of project implementation. The decision on permit issuance will, therefore, reflect the national concern for both protection and utilization of important resources. Public interest factors which may be relevant to the decision process include conservation, economics, aesthetics, general environmental concerns, wetlands, cultural values, fish and wildlife values, flood hazards, floodplain values, land use, navigation, shore erosion and accretion, recreation, water supply and conservation, water quality, energy needs, safety, food and fiber production, mineral needs, considerations of property ownership, and, in general, the needs and welfare of the people.
- 7. **CONSIDERATION OF COMMENTS**: USACE is soliciting comments from the public; Federal, State and local agencies and officials; Native American Nations or other tribal governments; and other interested parties in order to consider and evaluate the impacts of the project. All comments received by USACE will be considered in the decision on whether to issue, modify, condition, or deny a Department of the Army Permit for the project. To make this decision, comments are used to assess impacts on endangered species, historic properties, water quality, and other environmental or public interest factors addressed in a final environmental assessment or environmental impact statement. Comments are also used

to determine the need for a public hearing and to determine the overall public interest of the project.

8. **SUBMITTING COMMENTS**: During the specified comment period, interested parties may submit written comments to Roberta Morganstern, San Francisco District, Regulatory Division, 1455 Market Street, 16th Floor, San Francisco, California 94103-1398 or by email to Roberta.A.Morganstern@usace.army.mil; comment letters should cite the project name, applicant name, and public notice number to facilitate review by the Regulatory Permit Manager. Comments may include a request for a public hearing on the project prior to a determination on the Department of the Army permit application; such requests shall state, with particularity, the reasons for holding a public hearing. All substantive comments will be forwarded to the applicant for resolution or rebuttal. Additional project information or details on any subsequent project modifications of a minor nature may be obtained from the applicant and/or agent, or by contacting the Regulatory Permit Manager by telephone or e-mail cited in the public notice letterhead. An electronic version of this public notice may be viewed under the Public the **USACE** website: Notices tab on http://www.spn.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory.