APPENDIX L Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program

APPENDIX L MITIGATION MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM

This Environmental Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP) has been developed pursuant to Section 21081.6 of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) for the Corte Madera Flood Risk Management Project. The purpose of the MMRP is to ensure compliance with the mitigation measures during project implementation. This MMRP addresses how the mitigation measures will be implemented. Avoidance and minimization measures (AMM) have also been included in this document to ensure implementation and compliance.

The MMRP and AMM matrices identify mitigation measures/AMMs and applicable impacts for the project. The information in both matrices is organized to correspond with environmental issues discussed in Chapter 4 of the EIS/EIR. Information in these matrices is provided in six columns: 1) Significant Impact, 2) Mitigation Measure/AMM, 3) Implementing Party, 4) Monitoring/Reporting Party, 5) Timing, and 6) Monitoring Actions/ Verification of Compliance. These columns are defined below.

Impact: Provides a brief description of the impact expected to occur from the proposed Project as identified in the EIR/EIS. Impacts considered in the MMRP matrix were considered significant.

Mitigation Measure/AMM: Provides the mitigation measure/AMM and monitoring requirements as identified in the EIR/EIS.

Implementing Party: Identifies the entity that will be responsible for directly implementing the mitigation measures/AMMs. Implementation can be the responsibility of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE)/ Marin County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (District) or the contractor.

Monitoring /Reporting Party: Identifies the entity that will be responsible for directly implementing the monitoring and reporting. Monitoring will generally be the responsibility of the contractor, with oversight provided by USACE/District during construction. Long-term mitigation monitoring responsibilities will be transitioned from the contractor to USACE/District upon final contract acceptance.

Mitigation Timing: Not all mitigation and AMM actions will occur at the same time. Depending upon the measure, it may be undertaken prior to construction, during construction, or during project operations. Measures may also be undertaken in conjunction with different construction packages or at such time as project operations reach a certain level. This column of the table identifies the stage of the project during which the mitigation or AMM action will be taken and when reporting is to occur, if reporting is required.

Monitoring Actions/Verification: Identifies the actions required to implement the measures, including any required agreements and/or conditions, and how the actions will be verified.

For a complete description of potential impacts, recommended mitigation measures, and AMMs, please refer to the specific resource discussions in Chapter 4 of the EIS/EIR.

Significant Impact	Mitigation Measure	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	Mitigation Timing
 Geology Impact GEO-1: Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issues by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault; Strong seismic ground shaking; Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction; Landslides 	Mitigation GEO-1: Geotechnical Oversight- All earthwork and floodwall installation shall be monitored by a licensed geotechnical or soils engineer retained by the USACE and sponsor of all project phases and all off-site elements. The geotechnical or soils engineer shall provide oversight during excavation, placement of fill, construction of floodwalls, and disposal of materials removed from and deposited on the project site to ensure that the design is implemented as intended to minimize significant impacts.	USACE and Marin County to ensure compliance Licensed geotechnical or soils engineer to monitor earthwork and floodwall installation and provide oversight	During construction
Biology Impact BIO-5: Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance.	Mitigation BIO-1: USACE and District will plant trees in another area, as agreed in compliance with the Town of Ross and District policies, to replace those trees removed during project construction. All trees to remain during construction within the grading area shall be protected and trimmed if necessary to ensure their trunks and/or limbs are not disturbed during construction. To mitigate for tree removal: For each tree to be removed, the District shall plant a replacement tree of the same species or a suitable native species substitute, at a	USACE and the District to implement planting into design of Allen Park Riparian Corridor or in post- construction efforts Arborist or biologist to provide recommendations	Post construction

Significant Impact	Mitigation Measure	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	Mitigation Timing
	other mitigation ratio requirements to be		
	obtained from Marin County and/or Town of		
	Ross recommendations (for heritage or		
	protected trees), and ensure that replacement		
	trees are planted within or in the		
	vicinity of the Project sites to the maximum		
	extent practicable, as follows:		
	1) Trees shall be replaced within the first year after the completion of construction or as		
	soon as possible after construction is		
	completed.		
	2) Selection of replacement sites and		
	installation of replacement plantings shall be		
	supervised by an arborist or biologist with		
	experience in restoration. Irrigation of tree		
	plantings during the initial establishment		
	period shall be provided as deemed necessary		
	by an arborist or biologist.		
ultural Resources			
npact CUL-1: Cause a substantial adverse	Mitigation CUL-1: Halt work if archaeological	Contractor to incorporate	During construction
nange in the significance of a unique	or historic resources are discovered during	measures into specifications	
chaeological resource or an historical	any construction		
source as defined in CEQA Guidelines		Review and approve	
ection 15064.5 or 36 CFR 800.5 of Section		contract specifications	
06 of the NRHP.			
pact CUL-3: Cause a substantial adverse			
hange in the significance of a tribal cultural			
esource.			

MITIGATION MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM MATRIX			
Significant Impact	Mitigation Measure	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	Mitigation Timing
Impact CUL-2 : Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries.	Mitigation CUL-2: Halt Work, Notify Coroner.	Contractor to incorporate measures into specifications Review and approve	During construction
Impact CUL-3		contract specifications	
Noise			
Impact NOI-1: Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies.	Mitigation NOI-1: Erect sound barriers around work sites that would help prevent propagation of noise to sensitive receptors where feasible.	Contractor to erect sound barriers USACE to ensure compliance	During construction
Impact NOI-2 : A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity, above levels existing without the project.			
Impact NOI-4: Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels.	Mitigation NOI-2: Implement management practices to reduce the effects of vibration, including:	Contractor to incorporate measures into specifications USACE to review and	During construction
	 Buffer distances and types of equipment selected to minimize vibration impacts during construction at nearby receptors. Schedule construction work to reduce 	approve contract specifications	
	the effects of vibration (i.e. limiting simultaneous use of high-vibration causing equipment).		
	 Inform residents and property owners of vibration-generating activity and potential consequences. 		
	Implement a vibration, crack, and line and grade monitoring program at existing		

Significant Impact	Mitigation Measure	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	Mitigation Timing
	historic buildings located within 25 feet		
	of construction activities:		
	 The construction contractor shall 		
	regularly inspect and photograph crack		
	gauges, maintaining records of these		
	inspections to be included in post-		
	construction reporting. Gauges shall be		
	inspected every two weeks, or more frequently during periods of active		
	project actions in close proximity to		
	crack monitors.		
	 If vibration levels exceed the 		
	threshold and monitoring or		
	-		
	inspection indicates that the project		
	is damaging the building, the		
	historic building shall be provided		
	additional protection or		
	stabilization.		
Impact NOI-5: Result in adverse effects on	Mitigation NOI-3: High-vibration causing	Contractor to incorporate	During construction
biological resources due to noise or	equipment (e.g. vibratory pile drivers) should	measures into specifications	
groundborne vibration.	not be used during periods of mating and/or		
	breeding for all special-status species in the	USACE to review and	
	study area.	approve contract	
		specifications	
Human Health and Safety			
Impact HAZ-5: Impair implementation of or	Mitigation HAZ-1: Coordinate with local and	USACE/District and	During construction
physically interfere with an adopted	regional emergency response services. RVFD	contractors to coordinate	
emergency response or evacuation plan.	and Town of Ross Police would coordinate	with response services	
	with local regional emergency response		
Impact TRF-3: Result in inadequate	services, such as KFPD to the south of bypass		
emergency access.	construction and San Anselmo to the north of		

MITIGATION MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM MATRIX Responsibility and			
Significant Impact	Mitigation Measure	Method of Compliance	Mitigation Timing
	bypass construction. Coordinating with services on either side of construction activities would ensure that emergency response would not experience significant delays in the area.		
Transportation			
Impact TRF-1: Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance, or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit. Impact TRF-2: Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including but not limited to LOS standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways.	Mitigation TRF-1: Coordinate with the public during construction. The Town of Ross and construction contractor shall implement traffic management measures to minimize traffic delays and maximize safety along the designated detour routes during project construction. Public coordination would include signage and a project information Web page; traffic controls to minimize delays; and promotion of alternative travel modes. A detour map would be made available to the public, local businesses, and other institutions. Implementation of M-TRF-1 would inform the public of safe routes and potential delays, reducing impacts to traffic. However, construction on Sir Francis Drake Boulevard could still cause congestion or reduced level of service.	Town of Ross and construction contractor shall implement traffic management measures USACE to ensure contractor compliance	During construction

Impact	АММ	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	AMM Timing
Water Quality			
Impact WQ-1	AMM-WQ-2: Fuel Management Plan – Develop and incorporate a Fuel Management Plan.	USACE develop Fuel Management Plan and ensure contractor compliance.	Prior to construction, During construction
		Contractor to implement Fuel Management Plan.	
Impact WQ-1	AMM-WQ-3: Turbidity Management Plan - Implement Water Quality and Turbidity Management Plan; plan will include stormwater management.	USACE develop Turbidity Management Plan and ensure contractor compliance.	Prior to construction, During construction
		Contractor to incorporate Turbidity Management Plan.	
Impact WQ-1	AMM-WQ-5: Hazardous Spill Plan – Develop and incorporate a Hazardous Spill Plan.	USACE develop Hazardous Spill Plan and ensure contractor compliance. Contractor to incorporate Hazardous Spill Plan.	Prior to construction, During construction
Impact WQ-1	AMM-WQ-9: Stormwater Runoff Control – No debris, soil, silt, sand, cement, concrete, or washings thereof, or other construction-related materials or wastes, oil, or petroleum products, or other organic or earthen material shall be allowed to enter into or be placed where it may be washed from the construction sites by rainfall or runoff into waters of the state.	Contractor to include in contract specifications. USACE to review and approve contract specifications; ensure contractor compliance.	During construction

AVOIDANCE AND MINIMIZATION MEASURES MATRIX

Impact	АММ	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	AMM Timing
Impact WQ-1	AMM-WQ-10: Stormwater Management Plan – Stormwater Management Plan will be developed to ensure that, during rain events, construction activities do not increase the levels of erosion and sedimentation. This plan will include the use of erosion-control materials and erosion-control	USACE develop Stormwater Management Plan and ensure contractor compliance. Contractor to incorporate	Prior to construction, During construction
Impact WQ-1	measures to minimize any impacts that may occur due to increased mobilization of sediments. AMM-WQ-11 : Erosion will be controlled based	Stormwater Management Plan. USACE develop SWPPP and	Prior to construction,
Impact AIR-1 Impact AIR-2 Impact AIR-3 Impact AIR-4	on the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) to be prepared for the project. Implementing the SWPPP measures will minimize soil erosion and related sedimentation.	ensure contractor compliance. Contractor to implement SWPPP.	During construction
Geology		SWFFF.	
 Impact GEO-1: Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issues by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault Strong seismic ground shaking Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction; Landslides 	AMM-GEO-1: New floodwalls will be designed and constructed to reduce or otherwise account for potential geologic hazards such as ground shaking, liquefaction, settlement, and lateral spreading. Geotechnical investigations will be completed to support project design to ensure that potential geologic hazards will not cause the project to fail. Before construction begins, for all project phases, a final geotechnical subsurface investigation report for the proposed project shall be submitted to the District. The final geotechnical engineering report shall be prepared according to the current California Building Code standards. The geotechnical investigation shall include subsurface testing of soil and groundwater conditions for both on-site and off-site project	A final geotechnical engineering report shall be implemented for of all project phases in compliance with CBC standards. USACE will implement recommendations.	Prior to construction

Impact	АММ	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	AMM Timing
resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites. mpact BIO-5: Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting piological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance.	 location, topography, cover and species' tolerance to disturbance. Buffer size shall be determined in cooperation with the CDFW. If construction work is resulting in nest disturbance, work shall cease and CDFW shall be contacted. Western Pond Turtle A qualified biologist shall survey the work site no more than 72 hours before the onset of ground disturbing activities for signs of western pond turtles and/or western pond turtle nesting activity (i.e., recently excavated nests, nest plugs) or nest depredation (partially to fully excavated nest chambers, nest plugs, scattered egg shell remains, egg shell fragments). Preconstruction surveys to detect western pond turtles should focus on suitable aerial and aquatic basking habitat such as logs, branches, root wads, and riprap, as well as the shoreline and adjacent warm, shallow waters where pond turtles may be present below the water surface beneath algal mats or other protective cover. Preconstruction surveys to detect western pond turtle nesting activity should be concentrated within suitable aquatic habitat and should focus on areas along south- or west-facing slopes with bare hard-packed clay or silt soils or a sparse vegetation of short grasses or forbs. 		

AVOIDANCE AND MINIMI	ZATION MEASURES MATRIX		
Impact	АММ	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	AMM Timing
	 If western pond turtles or their nesting sites are found, the biologist shall contact the CDFW to determine whether relocation and/or exclusion buffers and nest enclosures are appropriate. If the CDFW approves moving the animal, the biologist shall be allowed sufficient time to move the western pond turtle(s) from the work site before work activities begin following guidelines according to USFWS. 		
	Pallid Bat and Hoary Bat		
	 Prior to construction, a qualified biologist shall survey the trees within the project area and the underside of bridge structures for evidence of bat roosts (e.g., bat guano). If bat roosts are found in trees during pre- construction surveys the roosts shall be flagged and avoided during construction. If roosts are found in trees or under existing bridges, they shall be removed in April, September, or October in order to avoid the hibernation and maternity seasons. Appropriate exclusion methods shall be used, as needed, during habitat removal. If bats must be excluded, a qualified biologist shall work with CDFW to determine appropriate exclusion methods based upon the species found and their location within the project area. If bats are found onsite and the proposed construction cannot be altered to avoid the 		

Impact	АММ	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	AMM Timin
	species, the USACE and sponsor shall work with a qualified biologist and CDFW to		
	determine additional mitigation measures		
	based upon the species present and their		
	specific ecological		
	preferences/requirements.		
	 Pre-construction surveys for roosting bats shall be conducted concurrent with those for 		
	land birds. If surveys occur during the daytime, the biologist shall look for presence		
	of bat droppings at likely roost sites (under		
	bridges and trees (in layers of bark,		
	woodpecker holes, and hollow branches).		
	The droppings are black and small, about 4 -		
	8 millimeters long. Bat droppings crumble		
	into powder when crushed, as they consist of		
	insect remains (in contrast, mouse droppings		
	are sticky when fresh and hard when old).		
	During evening hours bats may be confirmed		
	visually at dusk although species		
	identification cannot be ascertained without		
	the use of sonar recordings and specialized		
	software. If no signs of bats are detected		
	during the pre-construction surveys,		
	avoidance has been achieved and		
	maintenance activities can proceed.		

Impact	АММ	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	AMM Timing
Impact BIO-1 Impact BIO-2 Impact BIO-3 Impact BIO-4 Impact BIO-5	 AMM-BIO-5: Site Restoration - Exposed soil will be stabilized to prevent erosion and revegetated with native vegetation as soon as feasible after construction is complete. Revegetation will occur at a ratio of at least 1.5:1 to account for initial mortality of plantings. Revegetation will occur with native species appropriate for site conditions. If soil moisture is deficient, new vegetation will be supplied with supplemental water until vegetation is firmly established. Erosion control fabric, hydromulch, or other mechanisms will be applied as appropriate to provide protection to seeds, hold them in place, and help retain moisture. Revegetation shall be regularly monitored for survival for at least five years or until adequate ground cover and survival is achieved. Monitoring for colonization of invasive species will occur, and eradicated if established. 	Contractor to incorporate measures into specifications. USACE to review and approve contract specifications.	Post construction
Impact BIO-1 Impact BIO-2 Impact BIO-3 Impact BIO-4 Impact BIO-5	AMM-BIO-6: Biological Construction Monitoring for non-Salmonids - Biological monitors shall be assigned to the project when working in sensitive areas. The monitors shall be responsible for ensuring that impacts on special-status species, native vegetation, wildlife habitat, or unique resources shall be avoided to the fullest extent possible. Where appropriate, monitors shall flag the boundaries of areas where activities need to be restricted to protect native plants and wildlife	Qualified biologist to conduct monitoring and flag boundaries where necessary, in compliance with NMFS, USFWS, and CDFW.	During construction

Impact	АММ	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	AMM Timin
	or special-status species. These restricted areas shall be monitored to ensure their protection during construction. Monitoring would include the following:		
	Northwestern pond turtle		
	 Each day, before maintenance activities begin, the ECC shall make a quick survey for turtles, paying close attention to areas where turtles or burrows had been noted during the pre-construction survey. If turtles are observed, the ECC shall use any means necessary to avoid "take" of these species, including hand removal, installation of fencing, or other measures. The ECC shall assess the likelihood of project impacts to these species and coordinate findings with the USFWS and CDFW to ensure that appropriate protective measures are applied. At any time during maintenance activities, if a northwestern pond turtle is observed by the ECC, maintenance crew, or other knowledgeable persons, maintenance activities shall stop to avert the avoidable take of these species. 		
	Ridgway's rail and California black rail		
	 The following measures apply to all sites in or near salt or brackish marshland and will also serve to protect other tidal-marsh dependent species such as saltmarsh 		

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AVOIDANCE AND MINIMIZATION MEASURES MATRIX			
Impact	АММ	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	AMM Timing
	(MHHW) line. If removal is necessary, the work shall be scheduled outside of the breeding season (February 1 - August 31); all vegetation shall be salvaged and retained for replacement after work is completed. Raptors and Wading Birds		
	 Several of the sites are adjacent to suitable habitat for raptors and wading birds. Although none of these species are listed, they are protected by the Migratory Bird Act, and impacts to them shall be minimized. If work is scheduled to occur between August 31 - January 31 after the nesting season, then avoidance has been achieved and work can proceed; however, to protect late- or second-nesters, the a qualified biologist shall walk the site before work occurs to check for nests and presence of birds at the work site. During nesting season, (February 1 - September 1), a qualified biologist shall walk the area of proposed activity each day before maintenance activities begin to determine presence of nesting raptors and wading birds. If none are observed, avoidance can be assumed and work can proceed. 		
	Landbirds		
	 Many of the project sites are along riparian corridors that potentially support many passerine and non-passerine birds, some of which are seasonal and some of which are 		

AVOIDANCE AND MINIMIZATION MEASURES MATRIX			
Impact	АММ	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	AMM Timing
	 year-round residents. These birds are known to occur along Corte Madera Creek, particularly within Unit 4. Any removal of trees or shrubs, or maintenance activities in the vicinity of active bird nests, could result in nest abandonment, nest failure, or premature fledging. Destruction or disturbance of active nests violates the federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act and California Department of Fish and Game (CDFW) Code. Avoidance will be achieved if construction activities are scheduled for August 1st to January 31 to avoid the nesting season (February 1 to July 31); however, to protect late- or second-nesters, a qualified biologist shall walk the site before work occurs to check for nests and presence of birds at the work site. If construction activities are scheduled during the nesting season, then the following AMMs should be followed: The removal of any trees or shrubs shall occur in August, after the nesting season. If removal of trees or shrubs occurs, or maintenance begins between February 1 and July 31 (includes nesting season for passerine or non-passerine birds, and raptors), a nesting bird survey shall be performed within 14 days prior to the removal or disturbance of potential nesting trees or shrubs. 		

Impact	АММ	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	AMM Timir
	 All trees with active nests shall be flagged and a non-disturbance buffer zone shall be established around the nesting tree, or the site shall be avoided until it has been determined that the young have fledged. Buffer zones typically range between 5090 ft. for passerines and non-passerine land birds. Active nests shall be monitored to determine when the young have fledged and are feeding on their own. In addition to surveying trees and shrubs for nesting birds, surveys shall be conducted for ground nesting birds by walking narrow transects through the grassland adjacent to the project site within 14 days prior to the commencement of project related activities. A qualified biologist shall be present at the commencement of construction activities to ensure that nesting birds and sensitive bird species have not inhabited the project site during the window following pre- construction surveys. The biologist shall also review all staging areas to ensure nesting and special-status birds are not present. 		
	Roosting bats		
	 If bats were detected during the pre- construction survey, and removal of trees, shrubs, or dense ivy is scheduled to occur during bat breeding season, a qualified biologist shall conduct a bat presence- 		

AVOIDANCE AND MINIMIZATION MEASURES MATRIX				
Impact	АММ	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	AMM Timing	
	 should be re-scheduled to occur within these dates: March 1 - April 15 and/or September 1 - October 15 in order to avoid the breeding season. Removal of vegetation where bats have been known to roost shall follow the two- phased removal system: Day 1, in the afternoon, limbs and branches are removed by a tree cutter using chainsaws only. Limbs with cavities, crevices, or deep bark fissures will be avoided, and only branches or limbs with those features will be removed. Day 2: the entire tree will be removed. 			
Impact BIO-1 Impact BIO-2 Impact BIO-3 Impact BIO-4 Impact BIO-5	 AMM-BIO-7: Environmental Awareness Training - A Worker Environmental Awareness Program (WEAP) shall be prepared, and all construction crews and contractors shall be required to participate in WEAP training prior to starting work on the project. The WEAP training shall include a review of the special-status species and other sensitive resources that could exist in the project area, the locations of sensitive biological resources as well as their legal status and protections, and measures to be implemented for avoidance of these sensitive resources. A record of all personnel trained shall be maintained. Species-specific training would include: A qualified biologist shall conduct a training session for all construction personnel. At minimum, the training shall include a description of the western pond turtle and 	Qualified biologist to conduct training. Contractor to receive training and maintain a record of all personnel trained. USACE to ensure contractor compliance.	Prior to construction	

Impact	АММ	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	AMM Timing
	 its aquatic and upland nesting habitat, the general measures to implement to avoid and minimize impacts to habitat in the project area as they relate to the western pond turtle, and the boundaries within which construction activities can take place. Training sessions shall be given to all workers during bat breeding season to inform them of protective measures, details about the two-phase tree removal protocol, and inform them of when work needs to be stopped and appropriate officials informed of species presence if bats are identified during preconstruction surveys. 		
Impact BIO-1 Impact BIO-2 Impact BIO-3 Impact BIO-4 Impact BIO-5	 AMM-BIO-8: Signing - Interpretive signs prohibiting access to areas that are closed to the public, and indicating the importance of protection of sensitive biological resources, will be placed in key locations, such as along trails near sensitive habitats. A qualified biologist shall determine the appropriate buffer size, in consultation with CDFW, and delineate the buffer using Environmentally Sensitive Area fencing, pin flags, and yellow caution-tape. The project area shall be delineated with high-visibility temporary orange-colored fence at least 4 feet in height, flagging, or other barriers. Signs shall be posted that clearly state that construction personnel and equipment will 	Qualified (USFWS- approved) biologist to delineate buffers and restricted areas in consultation with CDFW; inspect and maintain fencing daily. Contractor to comply with signing. USACE to ensure contractor compliance.	Prior to construction, during construction

AVOIDANCE AND MINIMI	AVOIDANCE AND MINIMIZATION MEASURES MATRIX			
Impact	АММ	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	AMM Timing	
	not move outside of the marked area. The fencing shall be inspected by a qualified biologist and maintained daily until project completion. The fencing shall be removed only when all construction equipment is removed from the site. No construction activities shall take place outside the delineated project area.			
	 Buffers shall be established around active migratory bird nests and marked by a qualified biologist using ESA fencing, pin flags, and/or yellow caution tape. The size of the buffer may vary for different species and shall be determined in coordination with CDFW. A buffer zone shall be maintained around all active nest sites until the young have fledged and are foraging independently. In the event that an active nest is found after the completion of preconstruction surveys and after construction begins, all construction activities shall be stopped until a qualified biologist has evaluated the nest and erected the appropriate buffer around it. 			
Impact BIO-1 Impact BIO-2 Impact BIO-3 Impact BIO-4 Impact BIO-5	AMM-BIO-13: Hazardous Materials Management/Fuel Spill Containment Plan - A hazardous materials management and fuel spill containment plan will be developed prior to construction and given to all contractors and biological monitors working on the project. The plan will require:	USACE to develop Hazardous Materials Management/Fuel Spill Containment Plan; ensure contractor compliance.	Prior to construction	

Impact	АММ	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	AMM Timing
	 Equipment and materials for cleanup of spill be available on site and that spills and leaks will be cleaned up immediately and disposed of properly. Authorities will be notified of spills as required by 40 CFR 110. Prior to entering the work site, all field personnel shall be appropriately trained in spill prevention, hazardous material control, and clean-up of accidental spills. Field personnel shall implement measures to ensure that hazardous materials are properly handled and the quality of water resources is protected by all reasonable means. Preventative measures will be implemented, such as vehicle and equipment staging, cleaning, maintenance, and refueling; and contaminant (including fuel) management and storage. The agency will perform compliance monitoring. 	Contractor to implement Hazardous Materials Management/Fuel Spill Containment Plan.	
mpact BIO-1 mpact BIO-2 mpact BIO-3 mpact BIO-4 mpact BIO-5	 AMM-BIO-14: Salmonid Monitoring - If Coho salmon are observed in the project area during winter months or during preconstruction fish capture and relocation activities, all project activities shall cease and DFW and NMFS shall immediately be notified. If steelhead are determined or presumed to be present in the project site, then the following Avoidance and Minimization Measures shall be implemented: All in-stream maintenance activities will be restricted to the low-flow period of June 15 	Qualified biologist to conduct monitoring in compliance with NMFS, USFWS, and CDFW.	During construction

Impact

		Responsibility and	
Impact	АММ	Method of Compliance	AMM Timin
	relocated, as soon as possible, to a suitable		
	instream location in which habitat condition		
	are present to allow for adequate survival of		
	transported fish and fish already present.		
	Cofferdams used to divert water shall be		
	constructed with clean river gravel or sand		
	bags and sealed with sheet plastic.		
	• If any salmonids are found dead or injured,		
	the biologist shall contact NMFS biologist		
	Rick Rogers by phone immediately at (707)		
	578-8552 or the NMFS North Central Coast		
	Office at (707) 575-6050. The purpose of the		
	contact is to review the activities resulting in		
	take and to determine if additional'		
	protective measures are required. All		
	salmonid mortalities shall be retained,		
	placed in an appropriately-sized sealable		
	plastic bag, labeled with the date and		
	location of collection, fork length measured,		
	and frozen as soon as possible. Frozen		
	samples shall be retained by the biologist		
	until specific instructions are provided by		
	NMFS. The biologist may not transfer		
	biological samples to anyone other than the		
	NMFS North Central Coast Office without		
	obtaining prior written approval from the		
	North Central Coast Office, Supervisor of the		
	Protected Resources Division. Any such		
	transfer will be subject to such conditions as		
	NMFS deems appropriate.		

AVOIDANCE AND MINIMIZATION MEASURES MATRIX			
Impact	АММ	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	AMM Timing
	 Intakes and outlets shall be designed to minimize turbidity and the potential to wash contaminants into the stream. If a work site is to be temporarily dewatered by pumping, intakes shall be completely screened with wire mesh not larger than 5 millimeters to prevent amphibians from entering the pump system. On salmonid streams, the intake pipe shall be fitted with fish screens meeting CDFW and NOAA Fisheries' criteria to prevent entrainment or impingement of small fish (National Marine Fisheries Service 1997: http://swr.nmfs.noaa.gov/hcdlfishscm.pdf). A filtration/settling system must be included to reduce downstream turbidity (i.e. filter fabric, turbidity curtain). The selection of an appropriate system is based on the rate of discharge. If feasible, water that is pumped into a pipe shall discharge onto the top of bank into a densely vegetated area, which may require extra hose length. Once the project work is complete, water shall be slowly released back into the work area to prevent erosion and increased turbidity. The channel and soil surface shall be restored to its original or design configuration after the work is complete. Any material added to the channel or basin to provide support for the work approved under this provision shall be removed unless 		

Impact	АММ	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	AMM Timing
	 required for erosion control or habitat enhancement and/or restoration. For minor actions where the disturbance to construct cofferdams to isolate the work site would be greater than that which would occur in completing the proposed action, measures will be put in place immediately downstream of the work site to capture suspended sediment. This may include installation of silt catchment fences across the drainage or placement of a straw wattle or filter berm of clean river gravel. Silt fences and other non-native materials will be removed from the stream following completion of the activity. Gravel berms may be left in place after breaching, provided they do not impede the stream flow. 		
Cultural Resources		L	1
Impact CUL-1: Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a unique archaeological resource or an historical resource as defined in CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.5 or 36 CFR 800.5 of Section 106 of the NRHP.	AMM-CUL-1: Avoid Cultural Resources Prior to construction, implement a program of subsurface testing where project construction and known sites overlap to determine the potential for impacts.	Qualified archaeologist to conduct subsurface testing; identify appropriate mitigation if necessary. USACE to provide oversight	Prior to construction
Impact CUL-2: Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries.			
Impact CUL-3: Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource.			

Impact	АММ	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	AMM Timing
Human Health and Safety			
Impact HAZ-1: Create a significant	AMM-HAZ-1: Compliance with Federal, State, and	Contractor to incorporate	During construction
hazard to the public or the environment	Local Regulations - Compliance with applicable	measures into	
through the routine transport, use, or	regulations would reduce the potential	specifications.	
disposal of hazardous materials.	for accidental release of hazardous materials		
	during construction. The contractor would be	USACE to review and	
Impact HAZ-2: Create a significant	required to prepare a SWPPP and Spill	approve contract	
hazard to the public or the environment	Prevention, Control, and Countermeasure Plan	specifications.	
through reasonably foreseeable upset	that details the contractor's plan to prevent		
and accident conditions involving the	discharge from the construction site into drainage		
release of hazardous materials	systems, lakes, or rivers. This plan would include		
	best management practices and a spill		
Impact HAZ-3: Emit hazardous emissions	cleanup plan for implementation at each		
or handle hazardous or acutely	construction site.		
hazardous materials, substances, or			
waste within one-quarter mile of an			
existing or proposed school. Impact HAZ-1	AMM-HAZ-2: Prepare Health and Safety Plan - A	Contractor to prepare and	Prior to construction,
Impact HAZ-1 Impact HAZ-2	worker health and safety plan would be prepared	implement a Health and	During construction,
Impact HAZ-3	before the start of construction activities that	Safety Plan; incorporate	During construction
	identifies, at a minimum, all the contaminants	into contract.	
Impact HAZ-5: Impair implementation of	that could be encountered during construction		
or physically interfere with an adopted	activities; all appropriate worker, public health,	USACE to review and	
emergency response or evacuation plan.	and environmental protection equipment and	approve plan, contract.	
6 /	procedures to be used during Project activities;		
Impact HAZ-6: Expose people or	emergency response procedures; the most direct		
structures to a significant risk of loss,	route to the nearest hospitals; and a Site Safety		
injury, or death involving wildland fires,	Officer. The plan would describe action to be		
including where wildlands are adjacent	taken should hazardous materials be		
to urbanized areas or where residences	encountered on site, including protocols for		
are intermixed with wildlands.	handling hazardous materials and preventing		

Impact	АММ	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	AMM Timing
	their spread, and emergency procedures to be taken in the event of a spill.		
Impact HAZ-4: Be located on a site which is included in a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would create a significant hazard to the public or the environment.	AMM-HAZ-3: If significant time has elapsed between approval of the document and construction, a second records review would be completed to reduce the risk of encountering a hazardous site during constriction.	USACE to conduct records review.	Prior to construction
Impact HAZ-6: Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands.	 AMM-HAZ-4: Implement Fire Prevention Measures - Fire prevention measures will be implemented to reduce the risk of fire from construction equipment. All earthmoving equipment with internal combustion engines will be equipped with spark arrestor. During the high fire danger period (April 1 – December 1), work crews will have appropriate fire suppression equipment available at the work site. On days when fire danger is high and a burn permit is required (as issued by the relevant Air Pollution Control District), flammable materials, including flammable vegetation slash, will be kept at least 10 feet away from any equipment that could produce a spark, fire, or flame. On days when the fire danger is high and a burn permit is required, portable tools powered by gasoline-fueled internal combustion engines will not be used within 25 feet of any flammable materials unless at least one round-point shovel 	Contractor to incorporate measures into specifications. USACE to review and approve contract specifications.	

Impact	АММ	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	AMM Timing
	the work crew (no more than 25 feet away from		
-	the work area).		
Transportation	AMM-TRF-2: Traffic Control Plan - A Traffic	USACE and the District	Driente construction
Impact TRF-1			Prior to construction,
Impact TRF-2	Control Plan will be prepared and submitted to	would develop a Traffic	During construction
leave at TDF 2. The project recults in	the District Department of Public Works and	Control Plan and submit it	
Impact TRF-3: The project results in	other local agencies with jurisdiction for review	to Marin County	
inadequate emergency access.	and approval. During construction activities, the	Department of Public Works.	
	Marin County Department of Public Works and	VVOIKS.	
Impact TRF-4 Impact HAZ-5	the project contractors working on the project shall adhere to all requirements of the Traffic	Marin County Department	
Impact HAZ-5	Control Plan. The Traffic Control Plan shall	of Public Works to review	
	include the following:	and approve Traffic Control	
	• The route selection for movement of heavy	Plan.	
	equipment in the project vicinity shall be		
	coordinated with the Marin County Department	Contractor to adhere to Traffic Control Plan in	
	of Public Works, Marin County Sheriff's		
	Department, and Police Departments for	conjunction with Marin	
	applicable cities and unincorporated	County Department of	
	communities (Town of Ross and Kentfield) to	Public Works and other	
	minimize traffic and physical road impacts.	applicable agencies.	
	Truck drivers shall be notified and be required		
	to use the most direct route between the		
	project site and Highway 101.		
	Heavy equipment transport, material		
	transportation, or exportation to and from the		
	project site shall not occur during weekday		
	commute peak traffic periods and shall be		
	coordinated by the contractor with the Marin		
	County Department of Public Works, Marin		
	County Sheriff's Department, and relevant		

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	 The Traffic Control Plan will define the use of flaggers, warning signs, lights, barricades, and cones, etc., according to standard guidelines required by the County and Town of Ross as appropriate. Further, the contractor will maintain the work site, including traffic control, in a safe condition at all times, even outside of normal work hours. Construction activities completed within public street rights-of-way shall require the use of a traffic control measures shall be consistent with those published in the California Joint Utility Traffic Control Manual (California Inter-Utility Coordinating Committee 2010). Implementing measures contained within the California Joint Utility Traffic Control Manual would facilitate safe passage of both construction vehicles and private vehicles. A roadway cleaning program shall be instituted to address debris and mud caused by trucks on Sir Francis Drake Boulevard and other access and haul routes. 		

AVOIDANCE AND MINIMIZATION MEASURES MATRIX			
Impact	АММ	Responsibility and Method of Compliance	AMM Timing
Public Services and Utilities			
Impact UTL-2: Require or result in the construction of new water and/or wastewater treatment facilities, or the expansion of existing facilities, which would cause significant environmental effects. Impact UTL-3: Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities, or the expansion of existing facilities, which would cause significant environmental effects.	AMM-UTL-1: Locate Utilities - Contact Underground Service Alert (DigAlert) to mark known utilities and use a subsurface utility locator prior to construction.	Contractor to incorporate measures into specifications. USACE to review and approve contract specifications.	Prior to construction